# San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission

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**TO:** Commissioners and Alternates

**FROM:** Lawrence Goldzband, Executive Director (415/352-3653 larryg@bcdc.ca.gov)

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**SUBJECT: Staff Report on Pending Legislation – SB 122** 

(For Commission consideration on May 2, 2013)

## **Summary and Recommendations**

Senate Bill 122 (attached) by Assembly Member Lieu would extend The Vessel Turn-In Program (VTIP), which provides an alternative for boat owners to surrender an unwanted recreational vessel to participating public local agencies. As discussed at the March 21, 2013 Commission briefing on abandoned vessels, the VTIP is a cost effective approach to reducing the number of abandoned vessels in the Bay. The staff recommends that the Commission support this bill.

## **Background**

The VTIP was established by Assembly Bill (AB) 166 (Chapter 416, Statutes 2009) and became effective January 1, 2010. The program provides grants to public local agencies to administer within their jurisdiction a turn-in program for boat owners to surrender an unwanted recreational vessel. Funding for VTIP comes from the Abandoned Watercraft Abatement Fund (AWAF), but is separate from the existing AWAF program and receives separate budget authority. Participation in the current AWAF program is not required to participate in VTIP.

Unless further legislation extends the VTIP, the program will sunset on January 1, 2014. SB 122, introduced by Senator Ted Lieu, would, among other things, remove the sunset provision for the program and remove obsolete reporting provisions.

#### **Analysis**

California has the second largest boating population in the United States. While many of these boaters live on the coast, many also live around San Francisco Bay. The majority of boat owners are responsible about vessel sale and disposal. However, some boaters do abandon their boats, creating an abandoned vessel problem that is both expensive to manage and which adversely impacts the marine environment. Since 1997, 1,582 vessels have been removed from the State's waterways with AWAF. The total expense has been close to \$5 million at an average cost of \$3,100 per vessel.



While this program is successful, the Department of Boating and Waterways (DBW) proactively developed and implemented VTIP, which complements and has proven to be even more effective than AWAF. In the last three years the AWAF program has spent \$1 million while the VTIP has spent only \$267,000. With nearly four times more funding, AWAF funded removal of 251 hazards at an average cost of \$4,200 per vessel, and this does not reflect the costs that agencies have to expend to identify, tag, handle, store and remove vessels and contact the owners. With approximately one quarter as much funding, VTIP funded removal of 165 hazards at an average cost of \$1,600 per vessel. In other words, VTIP removed only 35% fewer boats with 62% less money. Participating agencies have indicated that many of the VTIP vessels they received would have likely been abandoned if the VTIP program had not been available. In state fiscal years 2012 and 2013, eleven agencies requested \$260,000, which exceeded the available \$150,000 by \$110,000.

VTIP's success is a credit to the DBW and should be extended.

### Recommendation

Staff recommends that BCDC vote to support SB 122.

# **Introduced by Senator Lieu**

January 18, 2013

An act to amend Section 526.1 of, and to amend and repeal Sections 525 and 526 of, the Harbors and Navigation Code, relating to vessels.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 122, as introduced, Lieu. Vessels: abandonment: abatement.

Existing law makes it an infraction punishable by a maximum \$3,000 fine, and until January 1, 2014, a minimum \$1,000 fine for a person to abandon a vessel upon a public waterway or public or private property without the express or implied consent of the owner or person in lawful possession or control of the property, except for the urgent and immediate concern for the safety of those aboard the vessel. Existing law authorizes a public agency to sell or otherwise dispose of certain vessels that are unseaworthy derelict or hulk, or abandoned property removed from a navigable waterway, as specified, if the public agency removed or caused the removal of the property, subject to specified conditions, including certain notice requirements and that the property has been appraised by disinterested persons for an estimated value of less than \$2,000. Except, until January 1, 2014, a surrendered vessel, as defined, may be disposed of immediately upon acceptance by a public agency and is not subject to the specified conditions.

This bill would delete the January 1, 2014, repeal date of certain above-described provisions and delete alternative provisions that were to become operative on January 1, 2014, which would have reduces the minimum fine to \$500 and eliminated the exception for a surrendered vessel. The bill would also delete an obsolete reporting requirement relating to the department's duty to track and report to specified legislative committees on the number of surrendered vessels accepted

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by a public agency between January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2013, pursuant to those provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 525 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 416 of the Statutes of 2009, is amended to read:

- 525. (a) Except for the urgent and immediate concern for the safety of those aboard a vessel, a person shall not abandon a vessel upon a public waterway or public or private property without the express or implied consent of the owner or person in lawful possession or control of the property.
- (b) The abandonment of a vessel in a manner as provided in subdivision (a) is prima facie evidence that the last registered owner of record, not having notified the appropriate registration or documenting agency of any relinquishment of title or interest therein, is responsible for the abandonment and is thereby liable for the cost of the removal and disposition of the vessel.
- (c) A violation of this section is an infraction and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). In addition, the court may order the defendant to pay to the agency that removes and disposes of the vessel the actual costs incurred by the agency for that removal and disposition.
- (d) Fines imposed and collected pursuant to this section shall be allocated as follows:
- (1) (A) Eighty percent of the moneys shall be deposited in the Abandoned Watercraft Abatement Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund. Moneys in the fund shall be used exclusively, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants to be awarded by the department to local agencies for the abatement, removal, storage, and disposal as public nuisances of any abandoned property as described in Section 522 or for the disposal of surrendered vessels as defined in Section 526.1, wrecked or dismantled vessels, or parts thereof, or any other partially submerged objects that pose a substantial hazard to navigation, from navigable waterways or adjacent public property, or private

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property with the landowner's consent. These grants shall not be utilized for abatement, removal, storage, or disposal of commercial vessels.

- (B) In evaluating a grant request submitted by a local agency pursuant to subparagraph (A), the department shall place great weight on the following two factors:
- (i) The existence of an active local enforcement program to control and prevent the abandonment of watercraft within the local agency's jurisdiction.
- (ii) The existence of a submerged navigational hazard abatement plan at the local level that provides for the control or abatement of water hazards, including, but not limited to, abandoned watercraft, wrecked watercraft, hazardous floating debris, submerged vessels and objects, and abandoned piers and pilings.
- (C) A grant awarded by the department pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be matched by a 10-percent contribution from the local agency receiving the grant.
- (D) As a condition of receiving grant funding pursuant to this paragraph, a local agency shall report to the department data, as deemed appropriate by the department, regarding abandoned and surrendered vessels removed or anticipated for removal pursuant to this article.
- (2) Twenty percent shall be allocated as set forth in Section 1463.001 of the Penal Code.
- (e) The state shall not assume liability for any injuries or damages to a person or entity, public or private, connected to or resulting from the processing or disposal of a surrendered vessel, as defined in Section 526.1.
- (f) The department may adopt rules and regulations for the purpose of administering this section.
- (g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 2. Section 525 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, as added by Section 2 of Chapter 416 of the Statutes of 2009, is repealed.
- 525. (a) Except for the urgent and immediate concern for the safety of those aboard a vessel, a person shall not abandon a vessel upon a public waterway or public or private property without the

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express or implied consent of the owner or person in lawful possession or control of the property.

- (b) The abandonment of a vessel in a manner as provided in subdivision (a) is prima facie evidence that the last registered owner of record, not having notified the appropriate registration or documenting agency of any relinquishment of title or interest therein, is responsible for the abandonment and is thereby liable for the cost of the removal and disposition of the vessel.
- (e) A violation of this section is an infraction and shall be punished by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500), nor more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000). In addition, the court may order the defendant to pay to the agency that removes and disposes of the vessel the actual costs incurred by the agency for that removal and disposition.
- (d) Fines imposed and collected pursuant to this section shall be allocated as follows:
- (1) (A) Eighty percent of the moneys shall be deposited in the Abandoned Watereraft Abatement Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund. Moneys in the fund shall be used exclusively, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for grants to be awarded by the department to local agencies for the abatement, removal, storage, and disposal as public nuisances of any abandoned, wrecked, or dismantled vessels, or parts thereof, or any other partially submerged objects that pose a substantial hazard to navigation, from navigable waterways or adjacent public property, or private property with the landowner's consent. These grants shall not be utilized for abatement, removal, storage, or disposal of commercial vessels.
- (B) In evaluating a grant request submitted by a local agency pursuant to subparagraph (A), the department shall place great weight on the following two factors:
- (i) The existence of an active local enforcement program to control and prevent the abandonment of watercraft within the local agency's jurisdiction.
- (ii) The existence of a submerged navigational hazard abatement plan at the local level that provides for the control or abatement of water hazards, including, but not limited to, abandoned watereraft, wrecked watercraft, hazardous floating debris, submerged vessels and objects, and abandoned piers and pilings.

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(C) A grant awarded by the department pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be matched by a 10-percent contribution from the local agency receiving the grant.

- (2) Twenty percent shall be allocated as set forth in Section 1463.001 of the Penal Code.
  - (e) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2014.
- SEC. 3. Section 526 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, as amended by Section 3 of Chapter 416 of the Statutes of 2009, is amended to read:
- 526. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any wrecked property that is an unseaworthy derelict or hulk, abandoned property as described in Section 522, or property removed from a navigable waterway pursuant to Section 523 or 524 that is an unseaworthy derelict or hulk, may be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency that removed or caused the removal of the property pursuant to this section, subject to the following conditions, except a surrendered vessel, as defined in Section 526.1, may be disposed of immediately upon acceptance by a public agency and is not subject to the following conditions:
- (1) The property has been appraised by disinterested persons, and has an estimated value of less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- (2) There is no discernable registration, license, hull identification number, or other identifying insignia on the property, or the Department of Motor Vehicles is unable to produce any record of the registered or legal owners or lienholders.
- (3) Not less than 72 hours before the property was removed, the peace officer or authorized public employee securely attached to the property a distinctive notice stating that the property would be removed by the public agency.
- (4) Within 48 hours after the removal, excluding weekends and holidays, the public agency that removed or caused the removal of the property sent notice of the removal to the registered and legal owners, if known or discovered subsequent to the removal, at their addresses of record with the Department of Motor Vehicles, and to any other person known to have an interest in the property. A notice sent by the public agency shall be sent by certified or first-class mail.
- first-class mail.

  (5) If the public agency is unable to locate the registered and legal owners of the property or persons known to have an interest

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in the property as provided in paragraph (4), the public agency published, or caused to be published, the notice of removal for at least two weeks in succession in one or more daily newspapers circulated in the county.

- (b) The notice of removal required by paragraphs (3) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (a) shall state all of the following:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the public agency providing the notice.
  - (2) A description of the property removed.
- (3) The location from which the property is to be or was removed.
  - (4) The location of the intended or actual place of storage.
  - (5) The authority and purpose for removal of the property.
- (6) A statement that the property may be claimed and recovered within 15 days of the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, after payment of any costs incurred by the public agency related to salvage and storage of the property, and that following the expiration of the 15-day period, the property will be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency.
- (7) A statement that the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property has the opportunity for a poststorage hearing before the public agency that removed, or caused the removal of, the property to determine the validity of the removal and storage if a request for a hearing is made in person or in writing to that public agency within 10 days from the date of notice; that if the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property disagree with the decision of the public agency, the decision may be reviewed pursuant to Section 11523 of the Government Code; and that during the time of the initial hearing, or during the time the decision is being reviewed pursuant to Section 11523 of the Government Code, the vessel in question shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of.
- (c) (1) Any requested hearing shall be conducted within 48 hours of the time the request for a hearing is received by the public agency, excluding weekends and holidays. The public agency that removed the vehicle may authorize its own officers or employees to conduct the hearing, but the hearing officer shall not be the same person who directed the removal and storage of the property.

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(2) The failure of either the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property to request or attend a scheduled hearing shall not affect the validity of the hearing.

- (d) The property may be claimed and recovered by its registered and legal owners, or by any other person known to have an interest in the property, within 15 days of the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, after payment of any costs incurred by the public agency related to salvage and storage of the property.
- (e) The property may be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency not less than 15 days from the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, or the date of actual removal, whichever is later.
- (f) The proceeds from the sale of the property, after deducting expenses for salvage, storage, sales costs, and any property tax liens, shall be deposited in the Abandoned Watercraft Abatement Fund for grants to local agencies, as specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 525.
- (g) It is the intent of the Legislature that this section shall not be construed to authorize the lien sale or destruction of any seaworthy vessel, other than a surrendered vessel as defined in Section 526.1, that is currently registered and operated in accordance with local, state, and federal law.
- (h) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 4. Section 526 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, as added by Section 4 of Chapter 416 of the Statutes of 2009, is repealed.
- 526. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any wrecked property that is an unseaworthy dereliet or hulk, or abandoned property as described in Section 522, property removed from a navigable waterway pursuant to Section 523 or 524 that is an unseaworthy dereliet or hulk, may be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency that removed or caused the removal of the property pursuant to this section, subject to the following conditions:

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(1) The property has been appraised by disinterested persons, and has an estimated value of less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000).

- (2) There is no discernable registration, license, hull identification number, or other identifying insignia on the property, or the Department of Motor Vehicles is unable to produce any record of the registered or legal owners or lienholders.
- (3) Not less than 72 hours before the property was removed, the peace officer or authorized public employee securely attached to the property a distinctive notice stating that the property would be removed by the public agency.
- (4) Within 48 hours after the removal, excluding weekends and holidays, the public agency that removed or caused the removal of the property sent notice of the removal to the registered and legal owners, if known or discovered subsequent to the removal, at their addresses of record with the Department of Motor Vehicles, and to any other person known to have an interest in the property. A notice sent by the public agency shall be sent by certified or first-class mail.
- (5) If the public agency is unable to locate the registered and legal owners of the property or persons known to have an interest in the property as provided in paragraph (4), the public agency published, or caused to be published, the notice of removal for at least two weeks in succession in one or more daily newspapers circulated in the county.
- (b) The notice of removal required by paragraphs (3) to (5), inclusive, of subdivision (a) shall state all of the following:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the public agency providing the notice.
  - (2) A description of the property removed.
- (3) The location from which the property is to be or was removed.
  - (4) The location of the intended or actual place of storage.
  - (5) The authority and purpose for removal of the property.
- (6) A statement that the property may be claimed and recovered within 15 days of the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, after payment of any costs incurred by the public agency related to salvage and storage of the property, and that following

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the expiration of the 15-day period, the property will be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency.

- (7) A statement that the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property have the opportunity for a poststorage hearing before the public agency that removed, or caused the removal of, the property to determine the validity of the removal and storage if a request for a hearing is made in person or in writing to that public agency within 10 days from the date of notice; that if the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property disagree with the decision of the public agency, the decision may be reviewed pursuant to Section 11523 of the Government Code; and that during the time of the initial hearing, or during the time the decision is being reviewed pursuant to Section 11523 of the Government Code, the vessel in question shall not be sold or otherwise disposed of.
- (c) (1) Any requested hearing shall be conducted within 48 hours of the time the request for a hearing is received by the public agency, excluding weekends and holidays. The public agency that removed the vehicle may authorize its own officers or employees to conduct the hearing, but the hearing officer shall not be the same person who directed the removal and storage of the property.
- (2) The failure of either the registered or legal owners or any other person known to have an interest in the property to request or attend a scheduled hearing shall not affect the validity of the hearing.
- (d) The property may be claimed and recovered by its registered and legal owners, or by any other person known to have an interest in the property, within 15 days of the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, after payment of any costs incurred by the public agency related to salvage and storage of the property.
- (e) The property may be sold or otherwise disposed of by the public agency not less than 15 days from the date the notice of removal was issued pursuant to paragraph (4) or (5) of subdivision (a), whichever is later, or the date of actual removal, whichever is later.
- (f) The proceeds from the sale of the property, after deducting expenses for salvage, storage, sales costs, and any property tax liens, shall be deposited in the Abandoned Watercraft Abatement

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Fund for grants to local agencies, as specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 525.

- (g) It is the intent of the Legislature that this section shall not be construed to authorize the lien sale or destruction of any seaworthy vessel that is currently registered and operated in accordance with local, state, and federal law.
  - (h) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2014.
- SEC. 5. Section 526.1 of the Harbors and Navigation Code is amended to read:
- 526.1. (a)—For purposes of this article, "surrendered vessel" means a recreational vessel that the verified titleholder has willingly surrendered to a willing public agency under both of the following conditions:

(1)

(a) The public agency has determined, in its sole discretion, that the vessel is in danger of being abandoned, and therefore has a likelihood of causing environmental degradation or becoming a hazard to navigation.

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- (b) The decision to accept a vessel is based solely on the potential of the vessel to likely be abandoned and cause environmental degradation or become a hazard to navigation.
- (b) The department shall track the number of surrendered vessels accepted by a public agency that disposes of surrendered vessels using grant funds from the Abandoned Watercraft Abatement Fund between January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2013. The department shall also track the total expenditure from the fund for surrendered vessel abatement during the same period. On or before July 1, 2013, the department shall report on the information gathered between January 1, 2010, and January 1, 2013, to the Assembly Committee on Transportation and the Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Water, along with any recommendations to revise or continue the use of fund moneys for these purposes.
- (c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2014, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2014, deletes or extends that date.